

Unknotting twist knots by forbidden moves

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結び目の数学 VIII

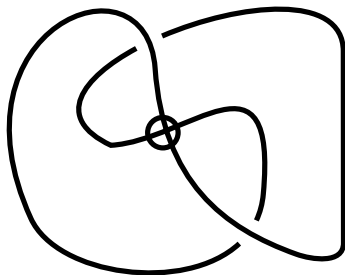
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Waseda University

Definition (virtual knot)

K is a *virtual knot*

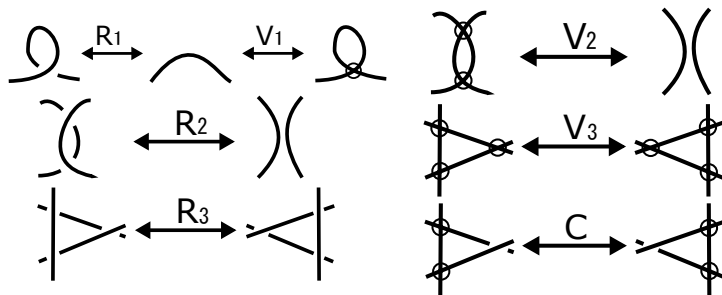
$\stackrel{def}{\Leftrightarrow} K$ is an equivalence class of virtual knot diagrams under Reidemeister moves and virtual Reidemeister moves



Definition (virtual knot)

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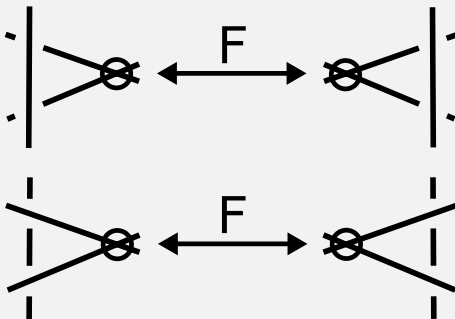
Introduction

Main Theorem

Preliminary

Outline of proof

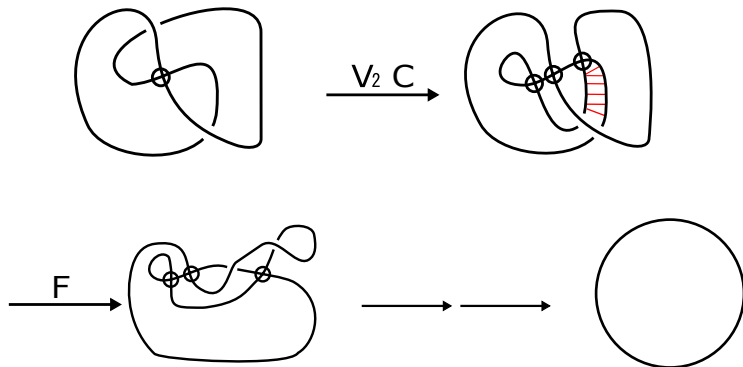
Definition (forbidden move)



Why "forbidden" ?

Theorem [Kanenobu,2001][Nelson,2001]

For any virtual knot K , there exists a finite sequence of Reidemeister moves, virtual Reidemeister moves and forbidden moves that takes K to a trivial knot.



Definition (forbidden number)

Let K be a virtual knot. The *forbidden number* of K , $F(K)$, is the minimal number of forbidden moves necessary to transform K into a trivial knot.

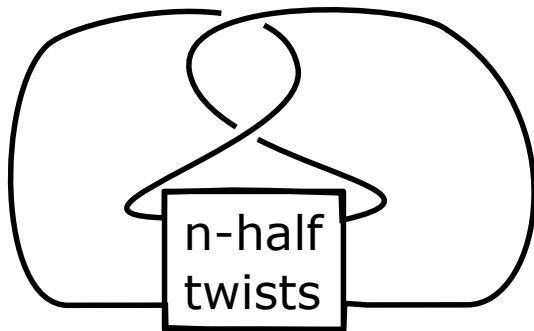
$$F(\text{trefoil}) = 1$$

Theorem [Crans-Ganzell-Mellor, 2015]

Let T_n be the twist knot. ($k \in \mathbb{N}$).

$$F(T_{2k-1}) \leq 6k - 2$$

$$F(T_{2k}) \leq 5k - 1$$



Improvement of upper bound

Theorem

Let T_n be the twist knot. ($n \in \mathbb{Z}, k \in \mathbb{N}$).

$$\begin{aligned} F(T_{2k}) \\ F(T_{2k-1}) &\leq 5k - 2 \\ F(T_{-2k-1}) \\ F(T_{-2k}) \\ F(T_{-1}) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary

$$\begin{aligned} F(\textit{trefoil}) &\leq 3 \\ F(\textit{figure-eight}) &\leq 3. \end{aligned}$$

Gauss diagram

Unknotting twist
knots by forbidden
moves

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Definition (Gauss diagram)

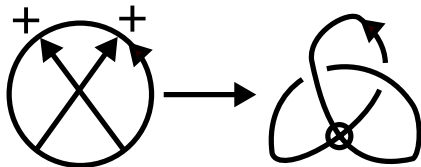
A *Gauss diagram* is the preimage of a virtual knot diagram with information of real crossings .

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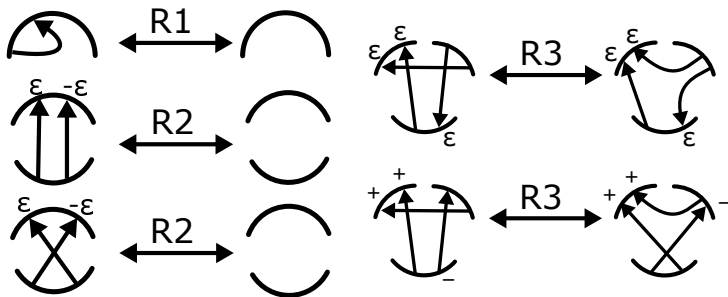
Outline of proof



Theorem [Goussarov-Polyak-Viro, 2000]

There exists a one-to-one correspondence between all virtual knots and all equivalence classes of Gauss diagrams modulo the Reidemeister moves.

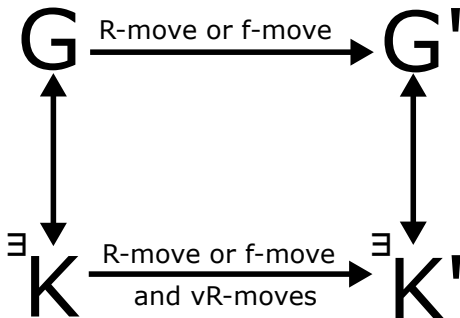
Reidemeister move on Gauss diagram



Fact

Let G, G' be Gauss diagrams
s.t G' is obtained from G by a Reidemeister move or forbidden
move.

Then there exist virtual knot diagram K, K' corresponding to G, G'
s.t K' is obtained from K by corresponding Reidemeister move or
forbidden move with virtual Reidemeister moves.



Forbidden move on Gauss diagram

Unknotting twist knots by forbidden moves

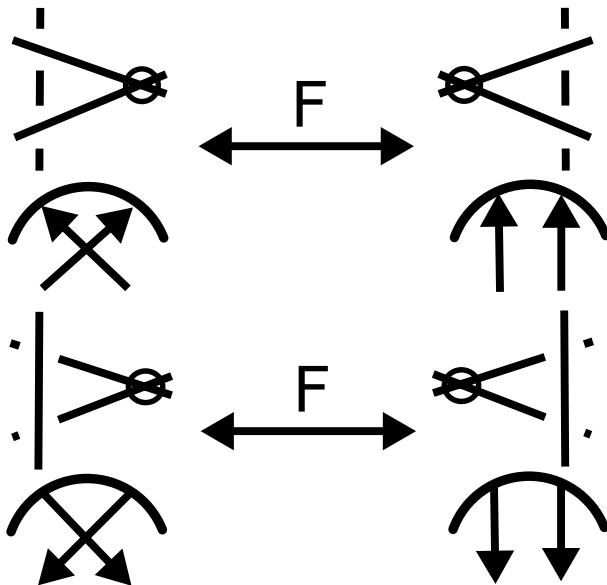
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Main Theorem

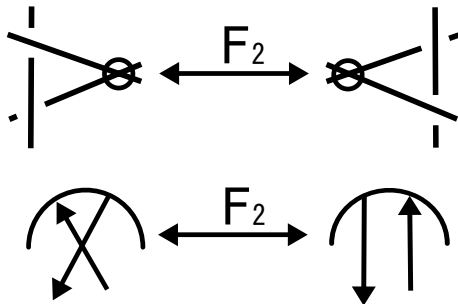
Preliminary

Outline of proof



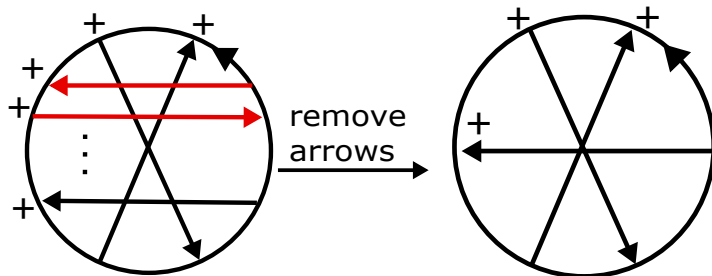
Theorem[Kanenobu,2001]

F_2 move is realized by using forbidden moves twice.

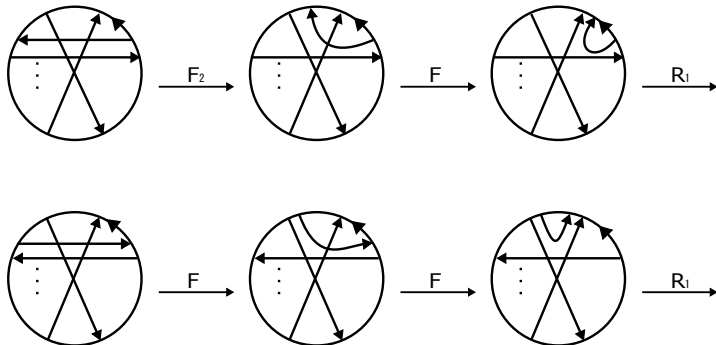
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Outline of proof(1)

T_{2k-1} :

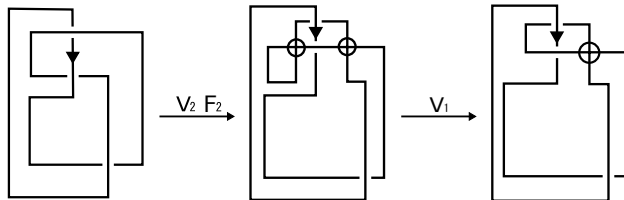
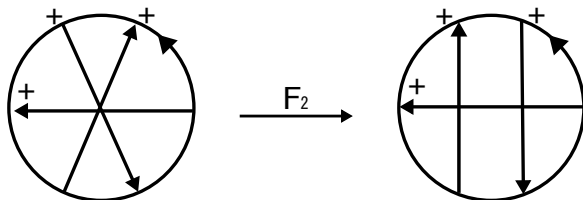


Remove arrows

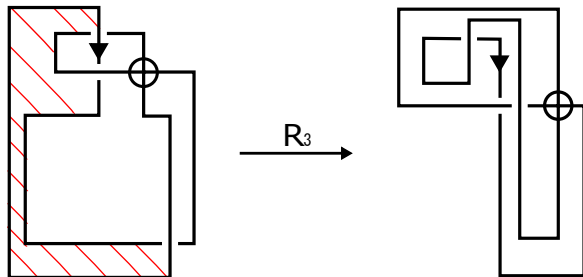
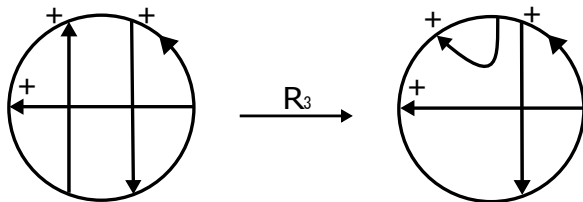


Using forbidden moves : 5 times

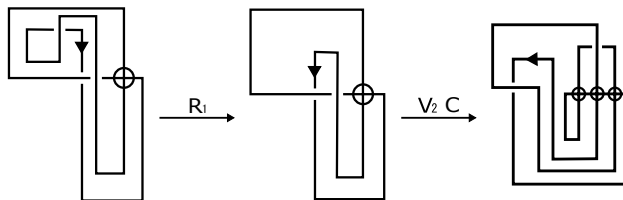
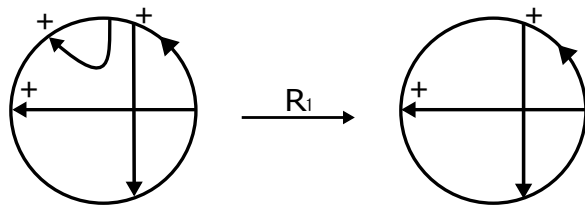
Outline of proof(2)



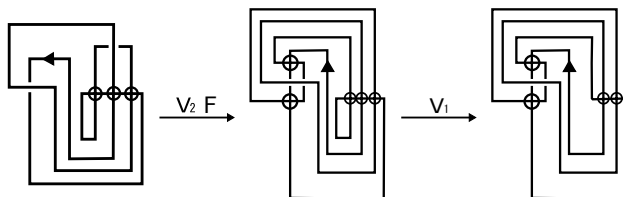
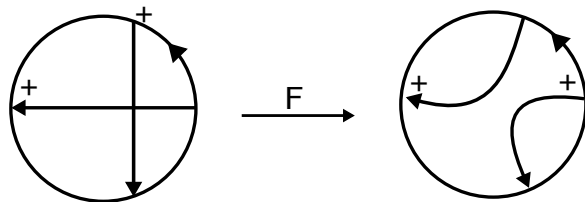
Outline of proof(3)



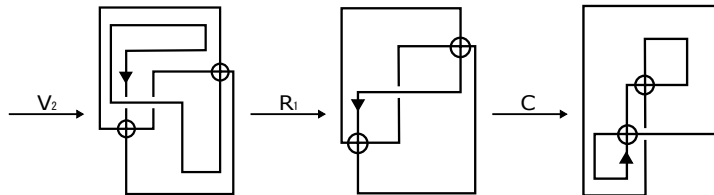
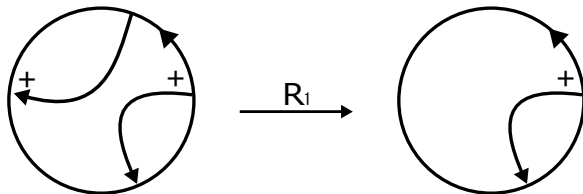
Outline of proof(4)



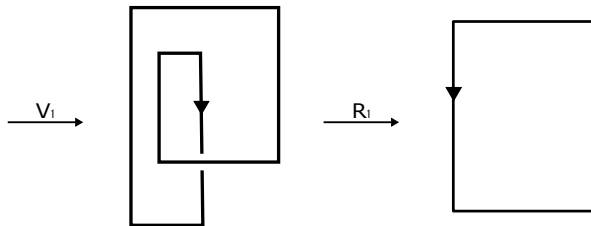
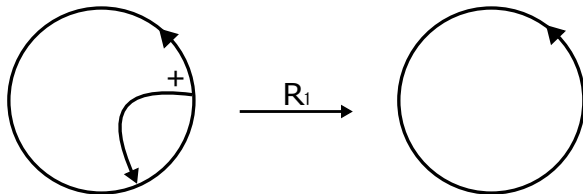
Outline of proof(5)



Outline of proof(6)



Outline of proof(7)



Using forbidden moves : 3 times

Is this upper bound best possible ?