

Focusing on the influence of socioeconomic status (hereinafter abbreviated as SES) on the health condition of his / her lifetime against the problem of health inequality in China, "subjective sense of health (self -Redicated health: hereinafter abbreviated as SRH) is related to SES at puberty? ", " If it is relevant, what kind of route, adolescent SES is important for health of adulthood We will conduct an empirical analysis on two research questions, "Does it affect state?" For the use of the "China Social Survey" (General Social Surveys 2010) individual votes, which were conducted across the country in 2010 by the National People's University Renmin University of China (NSRC) There was. The number of samples is 8,686 (4,453 (50.68% for men), 4,333 (49.32% for women)). In this paper, we analyzed by Ordinal Logistic Regression, divided into two stages according to variables to be input. In the first stage, we used the same variables as Yoon, Guo (2011) to compare with previous studies, and further estimated gender and age (45 years old at the age of 45). In the second stage, we supplemented the estimation by adding a variable representing childhood SES such as "hierarchical attribution at the age of 14", "whether you experienced civilization at the age of 14" and so on. It was confirmed that there was a statistically significant strong association between SES at adolescence and adulthood SRH. The results obtained in this paper also suggest that the pathways that adolescent SES affects SRH in adulthood are not simple and can be used indirectly and directly through complex pathways through various SES indicators of parents and principals, It has become clear that it affects the current SRH. The results obtained from the estimation in this paper are summarized mainly in the following six points.

① Even if you control the attributes of yourself, the higher the educational level of your parents, the better the SRH of adulthood tends to be; ② With regard to parents' occupation hierarchy, ③ The higher subjective hierarchical awareness at the age of 14 gives a positive influence on SRH in adulthood; ④ The experience of the Cultural Revolution up to the age of 14 is in SRH after adult ⑤ If the father is a Communist member, the subject's SRH tends to improve in young adults and young adults under 45 or 48 years old, whereas 45 years old or In middle-aged and older age groups over 48 years old, the SRH of the individual tends to decrease. Based on the above estimation results, in order to improve the health disparity in the Chinese society, from the long-term perspective, it is thought that it is necessary to enhance public education, lower education costs, and improve the educational standard of the people . In addition, the Chinese government should emphasize "redistribution of social resources", "provision of vocational skill training for low-income people", "raising minimum wage", etc. for health disparity due to disparity among occupations . Finally, from the viewpoint of national welfare, the Chinese government may need to increase fiscal expenditure input to medical sanitation and improve the public health insurance system.